

FEB 1952

REFERENCE COPY  
DO NOT CIRCULATE

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

CLASSIFICATION

CONFIDENTIAL

SECURITY INFORMATION

25X1

## INFORMATION REPORT

REPORT NO. 

CD NO.

DATE DISTR. 12 September 1952

NO. OF PAGES 2

NO. OF ENCLS.  
(LISTED BELOW)SUPPLEMENT TO  
REPORT NO.

25X1

COUNTRY Korea

SUBJECT 1. Collective Farm, Chaeryŏng-up  
2. Distribution of Land and Grain, T'ongch'ŏnDATE OF  
INFO.PLACE  
ACQUIREDRETURN TO CIA  
LIBRARY  
25X1

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES, WITHIN THE MEANING OF TITLE 18, SECTIONS 793 AND 794, OF THE U.S. CODE, AS AMENDED. ITS TRANSMISSION OR REVELATION OF ITS CONTENTS TO OR RECEIPT BY AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW. THE REPRODUCTION OF THIS FORM IS PROHIBITED.

THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

SOURCE

25X1

Collective Farm, Chaeryŏng-up

- On 4 June 1952 approximately ten thousand persons, including South Korean refugees who went north after the start of the Korean war, wounded and discharged soldiers, and women, were working at a North Korean army collective farm in the Chaeryŏng-up (125-38, 38-25) (YC-3055)-Anak (125-30, 38-30) (YC-1864)-Sinch'ŏn (125-30, 38-21) (YC-1847) area.<sup>1</sup> The farm, established on 15 March 1952 under the supervision of the North Korean Ministry of Agriculture, had an area of approximately 4 million p'yŏng.<sup>2</sup> Seventy percent of the farm acreage was producing rice; 20 percent, other grains; and 10 percent, vegetables. A long dry season was expected to reduce the farm's 1952 harvest. Farm officials planned to undertake sericulture and the raising of goats and other domestic animals.
- Each person employed at the farm received daily 600 grams of rice and other grains.
- Thirty Soviet-made tractors, one hundred and fifty cattle, and eighty horses were being used in the farming.
- The 1 Regiment of the North Korean Farmers' Army, comprising three battalions, and each battalion, three companies, was at Anak; the 2 Regiment, with three battalions, at Chaeryŏng-up; and the 3 Regiment, with three battalions, at Sinch'ŏn. Divisional headquarters were at Chaeryŏng-up.

CLASSIFICATION

CONFIDENTIAL

STATE	X	NAVY	X	NSRB		DISTRIBUTION COMNAVS: FE#PHIL#1#7#PACFLTIS#;	
ARMY	X	AIR	X	FBI		CINCPAC#FEAF#5AF#; RYCOM#	

25X1

CONFIDENTIAL

-2-

Distribution of Land and Grain, T'ongch'ŏn

5. By mid-April 1952 North Korean officials had redistributed farmland in the T'ongch'ŏn (127-54, 38-54) (DU-0506) area in lots of 2,000 p'yŏng of rice paddy and 1,000 p'yŏng of dry field to families of three or four persons. Teams of seven to twelve persons had been organized to farm each field. The North Korean government was allocating sorghum and millet to farmers without limit to the time for repayment. Generally, the amount of grain loaned was approximately 10 liters. Farmers were receiving between 6 and 8 liters of fertilizer for each 1,000 p'yŏng of rice field. Farmers were expected to consign the rice crop to the government after the fall harvest.

- 25X1 1. ☐ Comment. The organization, strength, and disposition of units of the North Korean Farmers' Army (Nong Gun Dae) in mid-May 1952 were collective farms in North Korea.
- 25X1 2. ☐ Comment. One p'yŏng is 4 square yards.

CONFIDENTIAL